

Homework #14 (week of 11/22–11/24)

Due Wednesday, 11/24/04 in class.

REVISED 11/12/04

Suppose that G is an (additive) abelian group and S_1, \dots, S_n are non-empty subsets of G . Then

$$S_1 + \cdots + S_n = \{s_1 + \cdots + s_n \mid s_i \in S_i \text{ for all } 1 \leq i \leq n\}.$$

You may use the associative, distributive, and commutative laws (the latter for addition only) for rings without particular reference.

1. Let R be a ring.

- a) Suppose that $\{I_s\}_{s \in S}$ is an indexed family of ideals of R . Show that $I = \bigcap_{s \in S} I_s$ is an ideal of R .
- b) Let I_1, \dots, I_n be ideals of R . Show that $I_1 + \cdots + I_n$ is an ideal of R .

2. Let R be a ring. A *left ideal* of R is subspace L of R which satisfies $ra \in L$ for all $r \in R$ and $a \in L$.

- a) Suppose that L is a left ideal of R and $a \in R$. Show that

$$La = \{ra \mid r \in L\}$$

is a left ideal of R . (In particular Ra is a left ideal of R .)

- b) Suppose that L_1, \dots, L_n are left ideals of R . Show that $L_1 + \cdots + L_n$ is a left ideal of R . (In particular $Ra_1 + \cdots + Ra_n$ is an ideal of R for all $a_1, \dots, a_n \in R$.)

3. Let R_1, \dots, R_n be rings with unity and $R = R_1 \oplus \cdots \oplus R_n$.

- a) Suppose that I_1, \dots, I_n are ideals of R_1, \dots, R_n respectively. Show that $I_1 \oplus \cdots \oplus I_n$ is an ideal of R .

- b) Suppose that $1 \leq i \leq n$ is fixed. Show that $f : R \rightarrow R_i$ defined by $f((a_1, \dots, a_n)) = a_i$ for all $(a_1, \dots, a_n) \in R$ is an onto ring homomorphism.
- c) Suppose that I is an ideal of R . Show that $f_i(I)$ is an ideal of R_i for all $1 \leq i \leq n$ and that $I = f_1(I) \oplus \dots \oplus f_n(I)$. [Hint: Note that $x = (f_1(x), \dots, f_n(x))$ for all $x \in R$. Show that $I \subseteq f_1(I) \oplus \dots \oplus f_n(I) = J$. Conversely, if $y \in J$ then $y = (f_1(x_1), \dots, f_n(x_n))$ for some $x_1, \dots, x_n \in I$. Let $e_i = (0, \dots, 1, \dots, 0) \in R$ be the n -tuple with entries zero with one exception which has value 1 and is in the i^{th} position and let $x = x_1 e_1 + \dots + x_n e_n$. Show $y = (f_1(x), \dots, f_n(x)) = x$.]

4. Let $R = \mathbf{Z} \oplus \mathbf{Z}$.

- a) Determine all prime ideals of R .
- b) Determine all maximal ideals of R .