## Math 121 – Section 3.1 Solutions

14. g(x) = 5x - 4

- (a) the slope is 5 and the y-intercept is -4
- (c) the average rate of change is 5, i.e. the slope
- (d) the function is increasing because the slope is positive
- 24. The function is linear because when  $\Delta x = 1$  we have  $\Delta y = 4$ . The slope is then:

slope 
$$= \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = 4$$

29. f(x) = 4x - 1, g(x) = -2x + 5

- (a) The solution to f(x) = 0 is  $x = \frac{1}{4}$ .
- (b) The solution to f(x) > 0 is  $x > \frac{1}{4}$ .
- (c) The solution to f(x) = g(x) is:

$$f(x) = g(x)$$
  

$$4x - 1 = -2x + 5$$
  

$$6x = 6$$
  

$$x = 1$$

(d) The solution to  $f(x) \leq g(x)$  is:

$$f(x) \le g(x)$$
  

$$4x - 1 \le -2x + 5$$
  

$$6x \le 6$$
  

$$x \le 1$$

- 32. Using the figure given in the book:
  - (a) The solution to g(x) = 20 is x = 5.
  - (b) The solution to g(x) = 60 is x = -15.
  - (c) The solution to g(x) = 0 is x = 15.
  - (d) The solution to g(x) > 20 is x < 5.
  - (e) The solution to  $g(x) \leq 60$  is  $x \geq -15$ .
  - (f) The solution to 0 < g(x) < 60 is -15 < x < 15.
- 38. Using the function C(x) = 0.38x + 5, where C is the monthly cost, in dollars, for international calls on a phone and x is the number of minutes used:
  - (a) C(50) = 0.38(50) + 5 = 24 dollars

(b) If C(x) = 29.32 then:

$$0.38x + 5 = 29.32$$
$$0.38x = 24.32$$
$$x = \frac{24.32}{0.38}$$
$$x = 64 \text{ minutes}$$

(c) If you budget \$60 per month, then the maximum number of minutes you can talk is:

$$0.38x + 5 = 60$$
  

$$0.38x = 55$$
  

$$x = \frac{55}{0.38}$$
  

$$x \approx 177.74 \text{ minutes}$$

Therefore, the maximum number of minutes you can talk is 177 minutes.