1. (Warm-up) The following integrals represent the volume of either a hemisphere or cone. For each part, decide which shape the volume represents, and give the radius of the hemisphere, or the radius and height of the cone. Make a sketch with labels.
(a) $\int_{0}^{6} \pi\left(3-\frac{y}{2}\right)^{2} d y$.
(b) $\int_{0}^{12} \pi\left(144-h^{2}\right) d h$.
2. A wedge is cut from the base of a cylinder of radius 9 by a plane passing through a diameter of the base and inclined at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to the base.
So that we can all have consistent notation, set up your cylinder so that its base is a circle in the xy-plane centered at $(0,0)$ and have the slicing plane pass through the diameter that lies on the y-axis.
(a) Set up an integral that represents the volume of this wedge by using crosssections perpendicular to the $y$-axis.
(b) Set up an integral that represents the volume of this wedge by using crosssections perpendicular to the x -axis.
(c) Evaluate each integral to verify that both of these integrals give the same answer.
3. A hollow cone is standing on its base. The base has a radius of 3 feet and the cone's height is 10 feet. What volume of water would be needed to fill the cone to a height of 6 feet?
4. A hemispherical tank is lying on its flat side. It has a radius of 2 meters. How much water is need to fill the tank to a height of 1.5 meters?
