

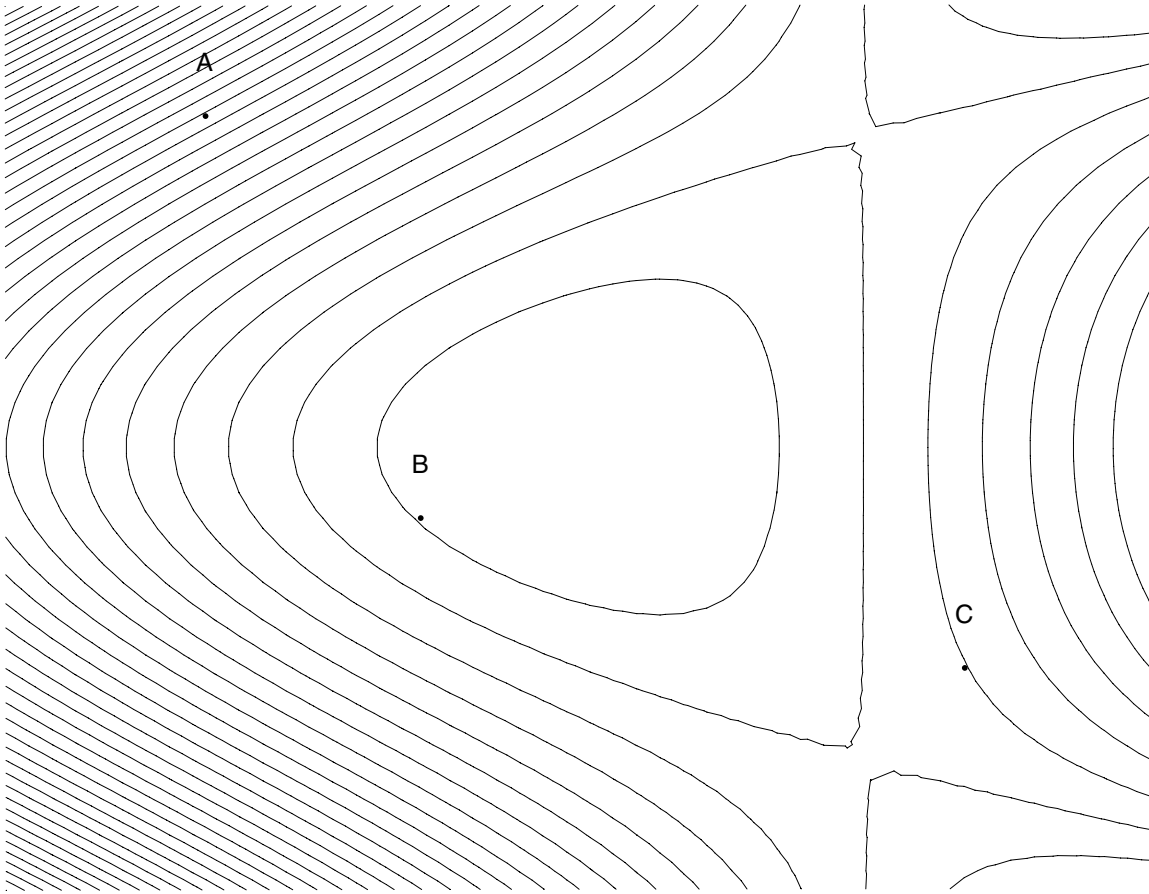
1. (10 pts) Let  $z = e^{x+y} \sin(xy)$ . Compute  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$  at  $(\pi, 1)$ .
2. (10 pts) Use the method of Lagrange Multipliers to find the minimum value taken by the function  $f(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 + 2z^2$  on the plane  $2x + 4y + 6z = 24$ .
3. (15 pts) Find and classify the critical points of the function  $f(u, v) = u^2 + v^2 + uv^2$ . You must identify all local maxima, local minima and saddles for full credit.
4. (10 pts) Let  $f(x, y) = xe^{-y} + 3y$ . Find the value of the largest directional derivative of  $f$  at the point  $(1, 0)$ .
5. (15 pts) The temperature in degrees at any point  $(x, y, z)$  is given by  $T(x, y, z) = 90e^{-x-2y-3z}$ . A fly is moving through space along a helical path with position function  $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle x(t), y(t), z(t) \rangle = \langle \cos t, \sin t, t \rangle$ , where the time  $t$  is measured in seconds. Find the time rate of change of the fly's temperature at time  $t = \pi$ .
6. (10 pts) Evaluate the integral of  $f(x, y) = x + y$  over the region  $D = \{(x, y) \mid 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 2\}$ .
7. (10 pts) Evaluate the following limit if it exists; otherwise explain why does not exist.

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{xy^3}{x^4 + y^4}$$

8. (10 pts) Find an equation for the tangent plane to the surface  $x^2 + 3y^2 + 2z^2 = 6$  at the point  $(1, -1, 1)$ .

**PROBLEM 9 IS ON THE BACK**

9. (10 pts) A contour map of a function  $f(x, y)$  is shown below. There are two saddles and one local minimum in the picture. Draw the gradient vector  $\nabla f$  at the three indicated points  $A, B$  and  $C$ . Your drawing should clearly show the direction and the relative lengths of the three vectors.



**DO NOT FORGET TO HAND IN THIS SHEET WITH YOUR EXAM!**