

Group Work: Section 1.3/1.4

Group Members:

1. Find the prime factorization for each of the following: 11, 24, 68, 45, 34, 121.

$$11 = 11$$

$$24 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3$$

$$68 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 17$$

$$45 = 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 5$$

$$34 = 2 \cdot 17$$

$$121 = 11 \cdot 11$$

2. Reduce the following fractions to simplest terms. $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{4}, \frac{6}{9}, \frac{4}{8}, \frac{12}{4}$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{6}{9} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{12}{4} = 3$$

$$\frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{4}{8} = \frac{1}{2}$$

3. Perform the following calculations:

$$(a) \frac{3}{4} + 5 = \frac{23}{4}$$

$$(b) \frac{3}{4} \cdot 5 = \frac{15}{4}$$

$$(c) \frac{6}{3} + \frac{5}{6} = \frac{17}{6}$$

4. Evaluate the following: $3^2, 4^3, 7^2, 3^3$

$$3^2 = 9$$

$$7^2 = 49$$

$$4^3 = 64$$

$$3^3 = 27$$

5. Simplify each of the following:

$$(a) 2 + 4 \cdot 5 = 22$$

$$(b) (2+3) \cdot 5 + 3 + 4 = 32$$

$$(c) 3^3 + (2+1)^3 = 54$$

6. Evaluate the following

(a) $12x + 3$ when $x = 4$
 $= 51$

(b) $23x + (2x - 4)$ when $x = 2$
 $= 46$

7. Write an algebraic expression or equation for the following

(a) Thirty-two times more than a number.

$$32x$$

(b) Four subtracted from an unknown.

$$x - 4$$

(c) One more than two is three.

$$1 + 2 = 3$$

(d) Three times a number squared is twelve.

$$3x^2 = 12$$