

Math 121 – Exam 1A – Fall 2013

Show your work. No work will result in no points.

No calculators or cell phones.

- 1) Let $f(x) = \frac{x^2-3x-10}{2x^2-8x-10}$. Find the following: (20 pts.)
 - a) the x-intercept(s)
 - b) the y-intercept
 - c) all the values of x for which f(x) is undefined and specify whether each undefined point corresponds to a vertical asymptote or a hole
 - d) the horizontal asymptote

- 2) Let $f(x) = x^3 + x^2 - 5x - 5$ (20 pts.)
 - a) list all the potential rational roots of $f(x)$
 - b) find the roots of $f(x)$

- 3) Solve the inequality $x^2 \geq -x + 42$ (15 pts.)

- 4) Let $f(x) = \frac{3}{x-3}$ and $g(x) = \frac{4}{x+2}$. Find the following: (15 pts.)
 - a) $f(g(5))$
 - b) the domain of $f(g(x))$

- 5) Let $f(x) = 2x^2 + 3x$. Find the following: (15 pts.)
 - a) $g(x)$ which is $f(x)$ shifted up 10 units
 - b) $h(x)$ which is $g(x)$ reflected across the x-axis
 - c) $j(x)$ which is $h(x)$ shifted to the right 1 unit

- 6) $3i$ is a root of $f(x) = x^4 + 10x^2 + 9$. Find the remaining roots. (15 pts.)