CH 2 2.1 – 2.2

1) Show proper work in finding each of the following limits, if they exist. If the limit does not exist, state as such and show why.

a)
$$\lim_{x \to 4} (2x^2 - 11x + 5)$$

b) $\lim_{x \to -1} \frac{x^2 - 2x - 3}{x^2 + 6x + 5}$
c) $\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^2 + 7x + 10}{8x - 3x^2}$
d) $\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{8x - 7}{6x^2 - 5x + 9}$

2.4

1) **Use the Definition of the Derivative** to determine the derivative of the function below. You may double check by other techniques, but no credit given for other techniques.

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$
$$f(x) = 6x^2 - 3x + 5 \qquad \text{or} \qquad f(x) = \sqrt{6x + 7} \qquad \text{or} \qquad f(x) = \frac{7}{4x - 3}$$

2.5

1) Find the Derivative of each of the following

- a) $f(x) = 2x^6 3x^4 + 5x + 7$ b) $y = \sqrt{x} + \sqrt[5]{x}$ c) $g(x) = \frac{6}{\sqrt[3]{x}}$ d) $k(x) = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{3}{x^4}$
- e) $h(x) = (x^2 3x)(4x + 5)$ f) $q(x) = \frac{3x^5 4x^2 + 7}{x^2}$

2) Find the Slope-Intercept Equation of the line Tangent to each given function at the specified *x*-value.

a) $f(x) = 2x^2 - 7x + 5$ at x = 4b) $f(x) = \sqrt{2x-1}$ at x = 5c) $f(x) = x^3 - 6x + 3$ at x = 2 2.6

1) Demand for Widgets based on price is given by: $D = 150000 - 4p^2$.

(Hint: $\Delta y = f(x_0 + \Delta x) - f(x_0)$ and $dy = f'(x_0)\Delta x$)

- a) **Estimate** the Change in Demand if the price, p, is changed from p = 80 to p = 90
- b) Find the actual (or exact) Change in Demand if the price, p, is changed from p = 80 to p = 90
- c) Estimate the Change in Demand if the price, p, is changed from p = 120 to p = 108

2.7

1) Given the Cost and Revenue functions below, do the requested tasks

C(x) = 30000 + 160x $R(x) = 500x - 0.8x^{2}$

a) Find the Marginal Revenue function: ____

b) Find the estimated change in Revenue from the 141st item_____

c) Find the Profit function:

d) Find the Marginal Profit function: ____

e) Find the estimated change in Profit from the 161st item_____

2)

CH 3

3.1

1) Use the Continuous Compounding of Interest formula as needed:

a) How much will \$7500 be worth in 8 years at 4.25% compounded continuously

b) How much must be invested by the Munroe's today such that they will have \$80,000 in 18 years to send their newborn baby to college if they can invest it at 5.3% continuously compounded?c) How long does it take for \$3000 to grow to \$11000 at 4.5% continuously compounded?

3.2

1) Find the Derivative of each of the following

a) $f(x) = \ln x$ b) $y = e^x$ c) $g(x) = \ln 8x$ d) $f(t) = e^{-0.04t}$

1) Find the derivatives of the following functions.

a)
$$y = x^4 e^{x^2 + 1}$$

b) $h(x) = \frac{5x + 6}{x^2 + 1}$
c) $y = x^2 \ln(6x)$
d) $h(x) = \frac{3x^2 + 4}{x^2 - 1}$

3.4

a)
$$F(x) = \ln(x^4 + 3x^2 + 7)$$
 b) $F(x) = e^{3x^2 + 5x}$

3.5

1) Use Implicit Differentiation to find dy/dx

a)
$$6x^4 + y^5 = 3x^2 + 7y + 8$$

b) $4x^2 + y^4 = 7x^5y^3$

2) Use Implicit Differentiation to find dy/dx at (2,3) for: $6x + y^2 + 6 = 3x^2 + 5y$

3.6

1) The Price-Demand relationship for daily contracts of oil and the price per barrel of oil is given as:

$$p = 2500 - 0.04x^2$$
, $0 \le x \le 250$

a) If the rate of change in the price of a barrel of oil is decreasing by \$3/week, at what **rate is demand changing** when 100 contracts are being ordered?

b) If the rate of change in demand is an increase in 10 contracts per week, what is the **rate of change in price** when 100 contracts are being ordered?

3.7

1) Construct the Elasticity function, E(p), for the given Price-Demand function and then use it to answer the questions which follow.

$$x = f(p) = 500 - 0.08p^2$$

a) What is the Elasticity at p = 20? b) What is the Elasticity at p = 60?

2) Construct the Elasticity function, E(p), for the given Price-Demand function and then use it to answer the questions which follow

 $x = f(p) = 1200 - 3p^2$

a) What is the Elasticity at p = 16? b) What is the Elasticity at p = 5?

CH 4

4.1

- 1) Given the function below, follow the steps below.
 - a) Find all Critical Points, in Coordinate form.
 - b) Show work/reasoning in determining Intervals of Decrease and Intervals of Increase
 - c) Determine whether each Critical Point is a Relative Minimum, Relative Maximum, or Neither.

i) $f(x) = -2x^3 + 3x^2 + 36x + 11$

ii) $f(x) = 6x^4 + 8x^3 + 7$