

# MATH 180 Final Exam

December 13, 2018

Directions. Fill in each of the lines below. Then read the directions that follow before beginning the exam. **YOU MAY NOT OPEN THE EXAM UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO BY YOUR EXAM PROCTOR.** This exam contains 12 pages (including this cover page) and 15 problems. After starting the exam, check to see if any pages are missing. Enter all requested information on this page. You are expected to abide by the University's rules concerning Academic Honesty.

**TA Name:** \_\_\_\_\_

The following rules apply:

- You may *not* use your books, notes, calculators, or any electronic device including cell phones. Only pencils/pens allowed.
- You must show all of your work. An answer, right or wrong, without the proper justification will receive little to no credit.
- You *must* complete your work in the space provided. We will be scanning your answers into our grading system, so any work you do that is out of place, too close to the page border, or on the wrong page will *not* be graded!

**Circle your instructor.**

- Martina Bode
- Mercer (Tabes) Bridges
- Nathan Jones
- Matthew Lee
- John Steenbergen

DO NOT WRITE ABOVE THIS LINE

1. (18 points) Circle the correct answer. No explanations needed!

(a) (3 points) If  $f$  is a continuous function on  $[1, 5]$  such that  $f(1) = 5, f(5) = 2$ , then by the Intermediate Value Theorem there is a  $c$  in  $(1, 5)$  with  $f(c) = 0$ .

**True**            **False**

(b) (3 points) Suppose  $f$  is a continuous function on  $[1, 5]$ , and differentiable on  $(1, 5)$ , such that  $f(1) = 5, f(5) = 1$ , then by the Mean Value Theorem there is a  $c$  in  $(1, 5)$  with  $f'(c) = -1$ .

**True**            **False**

(c) (3 points) If  $\int_2^9 f(x) = 3$  then the average value of  $f(x)$  on the interval  $[2, 9]$  is equal to  $3/7$ .

**True**            **False**

(d) (3 points) If  $2 \leq f(x) \leq 2 + x^2$  for all  $x$ , then by the Squeeze Theorem  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = 2$ .

**True**            **False**

(e) (3 points) A function  $f$  is defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} d & \text{if } x < 0 \\ x + 1 & \text{if } x \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

Which constant  $d$  makes  $f$  continuous on  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .

**0**            **1**            **2**            **None of these answers**

(f) (3 points) If  $f$  is a continuous function with  $f(0) = 1, f(2) = 2$ , and  $f(4) = 3$ , then for

$$A(x) = \int_0^{x^2} f(t) dt \text{ evaluate } A'(2).$$

**2**            **4**            **8**            **None of these answers**

DO NOT WRITE ABOVE THIS LINE

2. (10 points) Let  $f(x) = x^2 - 3$ . Using the **limit definition** of the derivative, compute  $f'(x)$ . No credit will be given for any other approach.

3. (10 points) Find the slope of the tangent line to  $xy^2 + \sin y + x^3 = 8$  at the point  $(2, 0)$ .

DO NOT WRITE ABOVE THIS LINE

4. (10 points) Use the following steps to approximate  $\tan(0.001)$ .

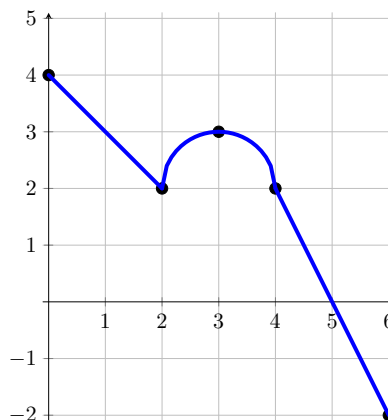
(a) (5 points) Write down the equation of the tangent line to the graph of  $f(x) = \tan x$  at  $x = 0$ .

(b) (2 points) Use your answer from part (a) to approximate  $\tan(0.001)$ .

(c) (3 points) Is your answer from part (b) an overestimate or an underestimate? Draw a picture to justify your answer.

5. (10 points) The graph of the function  $y = f(t)$  is given to the right. Define  $g(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$  on the interval  $[0, 6]$ .

(a) (5 points) Evaluate  $g(0)$ ,  $g(2)$ ,  $g(4)$ ,  $g(6)$ , and  $g'(3)$ .



(b) (2 points) On which interval(s) is  $g$  increasing?

(c) (3 points) On which interval(s) is  $g$  concave up?

DO NOT WRITE ABOVE THIS LINE

6. (22 points) Differentiate the following functions, using logarithmic differentiation if needed. Do not simplify your answers.

(a) (5 points)  $f(x) = \arctan(2^x - x)$

(b) (7 points)  $g(x) = \frac{\cos(x^2)}{\ln(x)}$

(c) (10 points)  $h(x) = x^{\tan(3x)}$

DO NOT WRITE ABOVE THIS LINE

7. (26 points) Compute the following limits, use L'Hôpital's Rule if needed. If a limit is  $+\infty$  or  $-\infty$  state which one, and if the limit does not exist, explain why.

(a) (6 points)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - 4}{x^3 - 2x^2 + x - 2}$

(b) (6 points)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 + x}{5x}$

(c) (6 points)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^{2x}}{3e^{2x} + 2x - 7}$

(d) (8 points)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 + x)^{2/x}$

DO NOT WRITE ABOVE THIS LINE

8. (11 points) Let  $f(x) = x^2 + 1$ .

(a) (5 points) Illustrate and calculate a right-endpoint Riemann sum for  $f(x)$  on  $[0, 3]$  with  $n = 3$  subintervals.

(b) (6 points) Compute  $\int_0^3 f(x) dx$ .

9. (5 points) Compute  $\int_{-\pi/4}^{\pi/4} \sin^3 x dx$ . Explain your reasoning!

DO NOT WRITE ABOVE THIS LINE

10. (12 points) A farmer wants to build a rectangular pen along one side of a barn by putting up three sides of fencing. The fence needs to enclose a region measuring 800 square feet. Find the dimensions of such a pen using the smallest amount of fencing possible. Find the domain of your objective function, and justify your answer.



DO NOT WRITE ABOVE THIS LINE

11. (14 points) A bowling ball is dropped from a roof 80 meters above the ground. Assume that the acceleration due to gravity is approximately  $10 \text{ m/s}^2$ . Show your work using calculus.

(a) (6 points) Find a formula describing the velocity of the bowling ball at time  $t$ .

(b) (6 points) Find a formula describing the height of the bowling ball at time  $t$ .

(c) (2 points) After how many seconds does the bowling ball hit the ground?

DO NOT WRITE ABOVE THIS LINE

12. (12 points) A police cruiser, approaching a right-angled intersection from the north, is chasing a speeding car that has turned the corner and is now moving straight east. When the cruiser is 0.6 mi north of the intersection and the car is 0.8 mi to the east, the police determine with radar that the distance between them and the car is increasing at a rate of 20 mph. If the cruiser is moving at a constant speed of 60 mph, what is the speed of the car? Show all your work.

DO NOT WRITE ABOVE THIS LINE

13. (14 points) Consider  $f(x) = x^3 - 9x^2 + 24x + 5$ .

(a) (10 points) Find the  $x$ -values at which the absolute minimum and maximum occurs for  $f$  on the interval  $[1, 3]$ .

(b) (4 points) The graph of  $f$  has a single inflection point. Locate it and justify your answer.

DO NOT WRITE ABOVE THIS LINE

14. (18 points) Let  $\vec{u} = \langle 2, 1 \rangle$ ,  $\vec{v} = \langle -3, 6 \rangle$ , and  $\vec{w} = \langle 4, 0 \rangle$  be vectors in the plane.

(a) (4 points) Compute  $3\vec{u} - 2\vec{v}$ .

(b) (4 points) Compute  $\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v}$ .

(c) (4 points) What does your answer in part (b) say about the relative orientation of the two vectors?

(d) (6 points) Find the vector projection of  $\vec{v}$  onto  $\vec{w}$ .

15. (8 points) If 50 Newtons of force is applied to an object at an angle of  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  to the ground over a distance of 20 meters, find the work done on the object.